

Version: A0

SCC0029-V01

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LCD MODULE

CUSTOMER	
MODEL	SCC0029-V01
CUSTOMER APPROVED	

APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	ORGANIZED BY
in the	Lr.Yin	Wf.Luo

ADD: 6F. B block of 10 Building Huafeng Technology Park. Fengtang Road

Fuyong town Baoan district Shenzhen Guangdong

TEL: 0755-81452160

FAX : 0755-81452166



Specification Revision History

Version	Content	Date
A0	First Issue	15-Apr-2013
		0
	6	
•		

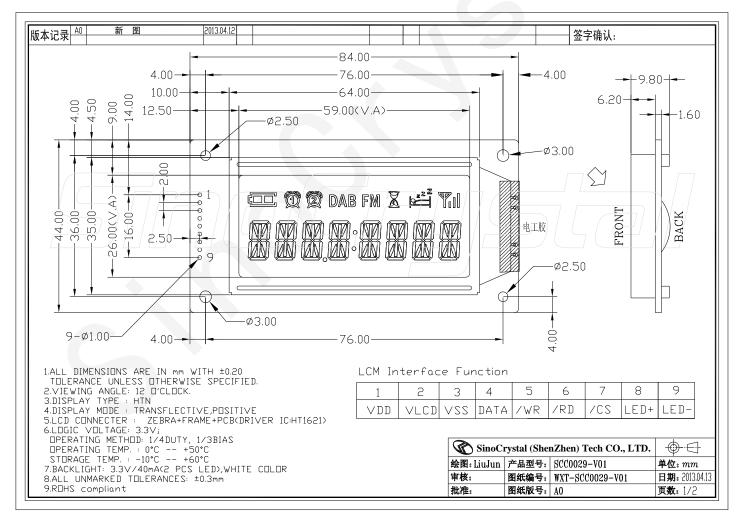


Version: A0

1. PHYSICAL DATA

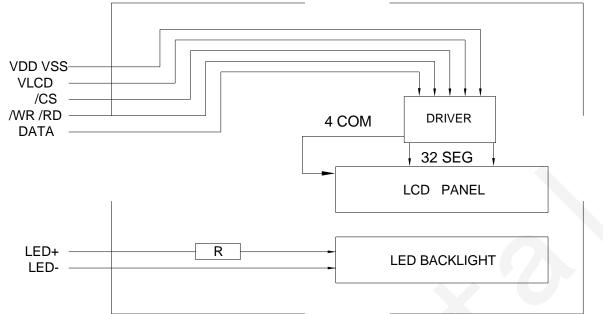
ITEM	STANDARD VALUE	UNIT
NUMBER OF GRAPHIC	SEGMENT	Mm
MODULE DIMENSION	84.0×44.0×9.8(MAX)	Mm
VIEWING AREA	59.0×26.0	Mm
DOT SIZE	-	Mm
DOT PITCH	-	Mm
LCD TYPE	HTN/ POSITIVE/TRANSFLECTIVE	
DUTY	1/4	
VIEWING DIRECTION	12:00	o'clock
BACK LIGHT TYPE	SIDE LIT LED	
BACK LIGHT COLOR	WHITE	
APPROX. WEIGHT	TBD	G

2. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS





3. BLOCK DIAGRAM





Version: A0

SCC0029-V01

4. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

Pin No.	Symbol	Level	Description			
1	VDD	-	Supply voltage for logic			
2	VLCD	-	Supply voltage for LCD			
3	VSS	-	Ground			
4	DATA	H/L	Serial data input/output			
5	/WR	H/L	Write clock input			
6	/RD	H/L	Read clock input			
7	/CS	H/L	Chip selection input			
8	LED+		Backlight anode			
9	LED-		Backlight cathode			



5. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(1) Electrical Absolute Ratings

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply for Logic	VDD		5.2	Volt	Note 1
Power Supply for LCD	V _{LCD}		5.0	Volt	
Input Voltage	V_{I}	0	V _{CC}	Volt	
Current for LED backlight	I _{LED}		40	mA	

Note 1: Operator should be grounded during handling LCM

(2) Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings

		rmal T	empera	ture	Wide Temperature				
Item	Operating		Storage		Operating		Storage		
	Min.	Max,	Min.	Max,	Min.	Max,	Min.	Max,	
Ambient Temperature	0°C	+50℃	-10℃	+60℃	-20° ℃	+70℃	-30℃	+80°C	
Humidity(without condensation)	Note 2,4		Note 3,5		Note 4,5		Note 4,6		

Note 2 Ta \leq 50°C: 80% RH max

Ta>50°C : Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 50°C

Note 3 Ta at -20° C will be <48 hrs at 70° C will be <120 hrs when humidity is higher than 75%.

Note 4 Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature. This phenomenon is reversible.

Note 5 Ta \leq 70°C:75RH max

Ta>70°C : absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 75%RH at 70°C

Note 6 Ta at -20° C will be <48hrs, at 80° C will be <120hrs when humidity is higher than 75%.

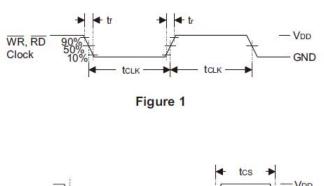


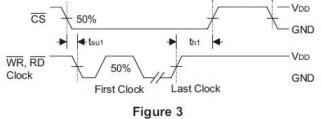
6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS DC Characteristics

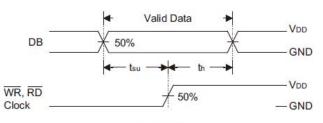
(VSS=0V,VDD=3.3V, Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply for Logic	VDD		-	3.3	-	Volt
Innut Valtaga	V _{IH}		2.4	-	3.3	Volt
nput vonage	V _{IL}		0	-	0.3	Volt
		$T_a = 0$ °C	-	3.5	-	
	V _{LCD}	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$	-	3.3	-	Volt
nput Voltage CM Recommend LCD Module Driving Voltage		T _a =50℃	-	3.0	-	
Deeren Gemele Comment for LCM	I _{DD} (BL OFF)	-	Ē	0.160	0.212	
Power Supply Current for LCM	I _{DD} (BL ON)	-	-	-	42	mA
Power Supply for LED Backlight	V _{BLA} - V _{BLK}	Ta=25℃	-	_	3.3	V

AC Characteristics









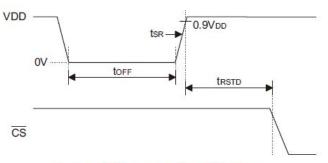


Figure 4 Power-on Reset Timing



Version: A0

SCC0029-V01

Sumbal	Devenueter		Test Conditions	Min	-	Marc		
Symbol	Parameter	\mathbf{V}_{DD}	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
f _{SYS1}	System Clock	3V	On-chip RC oscillator	192	256	320	kHz	
f _{SYS2}	System Clock	— Crystal oscillator			32768		Hz	
f _{SYS3}	System Clock		External clock source		256		kHz	
			On-chip RC oscillator	_	f _{SYS1} /1024		Hz	
f _{LCD} LCD Clock	LCD Clock		Crystal oscillator		f _{SYS2} /128		Hz	
			External clock source		f _{SYS3} /1024		Hz	
t _{сом}	LCD Common Period		n: Number of COM		n/f _{LCD}		s	
		3V	D /	4	_	150	kHz	
f _{CLK1} Serial Data Clock (WR pin)		5V	Duty cycle 50%	4	_	300	kHz	
,	LK2 Serial Data Clock (RD pin)				_	75	kHz	
f _{CLK2}			Duty cycle 50%		_	150	kHz	
,	Tone Frequency (2kHz)	01/			2.0	2.5	kHz	
f _{TONE}	Tone Frequency (4kHz)	3V	On-chip RC oscillator	3.0	4.0	5.0	kHz	
t _{CS}	Serial Interface Reset Pulse Width (Figure 3)	_			300	_	ns	
		01/	Write mode	3.34		125		
•	WR, RD Input Pulse Width	3V	Read mode	6.67		_	μS	
t _{CLK}	(Figure 1)		Write mode	1.67		125		
		5V	Read mode	3.34			μS	
t _r , t _f	Rise/Fall Time Serial Data Clock Width (Figure 1)		_		120	160	ns	
t _{su}	Setup Time for DATA to \overline{WR} , \overline{RD} Clock Width (Figure 2)			60	120		ns	
t _h	Hold Time for DATA to \overline{WR} , \overline{RD} Clock Width (Figure 2)			250	300		ns	
t _{su1}	Setup Time for \overline{CS} to \overline{WR} , \overline{RD} Clock Width (Figure 3)		_	500	600		ns	
t _{h1}	Hold Time for \overline{CS} to \overline{WR} , \overline{RD} Clock Width (Figure 3)			250	300		ns	
t _{OFF}	V _{DD} OFF Times (Figure 4)		V _{DD} drop down to 0V	20			ms	
t _{SR}	V _{DD} Rising Slew Rate (Figure 4)		_	0.05	_		V/ms	
t _{RSTD}	Delay Time after Reset (Figure 4)		_	1	_	_	ms	

Note: 1. If the conditions of Power-on Reset timing are not satisfied in power On/Off sequence, the internal Power-on Reset (POR) circuit will not operate normally.

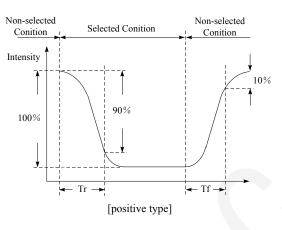
2. If the VDD drops below the minimum voltage of operating voltage spec. during operating, the conditions of Power-on Reset timing must be satisfied also. That is, the VDD must drop to 0V and keep at 0V for 20ms (min.) before rising to the normal operating voltage.

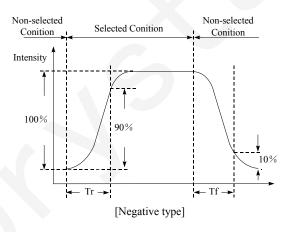


7. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	note
Viewing angle range	$\theta_{\rm f}(12 \text{ o'clock})$			45			
	θ_b (6 o'clock)	When $Cr \ge 2$		15		Degree	Note 2 Note 3 Note 4
	$\theta_1(9 \text{ o'clock})$	when $Cr = 2$		30			
	θ_r (3 o'clock)			30			
Rise Time	T _r			112		en C	Note 1
Fall Time	T _f	V _{DD} -V₀=8.7V Ta=25°C		250		mS	Note 1
Contrast	Cr	14 23 0		5.4			

[Note 1] Definition of Response Time (Tr, Tf)



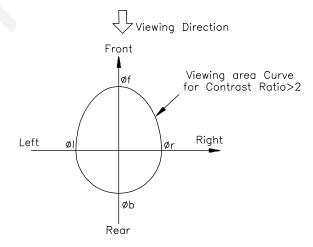


Conditions:

Operating Voltage : Vop Frame Frequency : 64 Hz

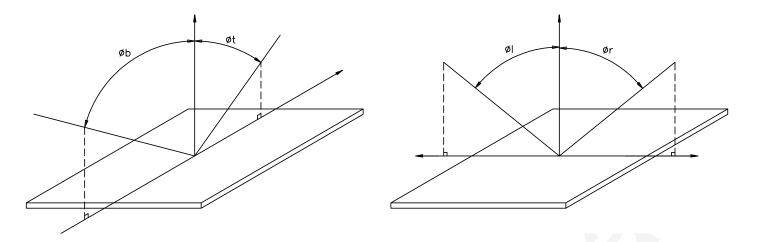
Viewing Angle(θ , φ): 0°, 0° Driving Wave form : 1/N duty, 1/a bias

[Note 2] Definition of Viewing Direction

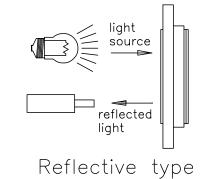


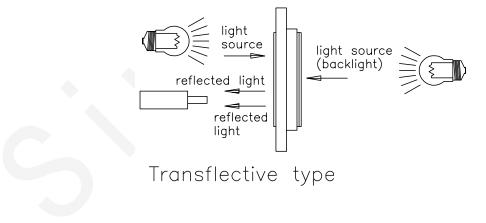


[Note 3] Definition of viewing angle



[Note 4] Description of Measuring Equipment







8. OPERATING PRINCIPLES & METHODS

Command Table

Name	ID	Command Code	D/C	Function	Def.
READ	110	A5A4A3A2A1A0D0D1D2D3	D	Read data from the RAM	
WRITE	101	A5A4A3A2A1A0D0D1D2D3	D	Write data to the RAM	
READ-MODIFY- WRITE	101	A5A4A3A2A1A0D0D1D2D3	D	READ and WRITE to the RAM	
SYS DIS	100	0000-0000-X	С	Turn off both system oscillator and LCD bias generator	Yes
SYS EN	100	0000-0001-X	С	Turn on system oscillator	
LCD OFF	100	0000-0010-X	С	Turn off LCD bias generator	Yes
LCD ON	100	0000-0011-X	С	Turn on LCD bias generator	
TIMER DIS	100	0000-0100-X	С	Disable time base output	
WDT DIS	100	0000-0101-X	С	Disable WDT time-out flag output	
TIMER EN	100	0000-0110-X	С	Enable time base output	
WDT EN	100	0000-0111-X	С	Enable WDT time-out flag output	



Version: A0

SCC0029-V01

Name	ID	Command Code	D/C	Function	Def.
TONE OFF	100	0000-1000-X	С	Turn off tone outputs	Yes
TONE ON	100	0000-1001-X	С	Turn on tone outputs	
CLR TIMER	100	0000-11XX-X	С	Clear the contents of time base generator	
CLR WDT	100	0000-111X-X	С	Clear the contents of WDT stage	
XTAL 32K	100	0001-01XX-X	С	System clock source, crystal oscillator	
RC 256K	100	0001-10XX-X	С	System clock source, on-chip RC oscillator	Yes
EXT 256K	100	0001-11XX-X	С	System clock source, external clock source	
BIAS 1/2	100	0010-abX0-X	с	LCD 1/2 bias option ab=00: 2 commons option ab=01: 3 commons option ab=10: 4 commons option	
BIAS 1/3	100	0010-abX1-X	с	LCD 1/3 bias option ab=00: 2 commons option ab=01: 3 commons option ab=10: 4 commons option	
TONE 4K	100	010X-XXXX-X	С	Tone frequency, 4kHz	
TONE 2K	100	011X-XXXX-X	С	Tone frequency, 2kHz	
IRQ DIS	100	100X-0XXX-X	С	Disable IRQ output	Yes
IRQ EN	100	100X-1XXX-X	С	Enable IRQ output	
F1	100	101X-X000-X	С	Time base/WDT clock output:1Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 4s	
F2	100	101X-X001-X	С	Time base/WDT clock output:2Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 2s	
F4	100	101X-X010-X	С	Time base/WDT clock output:4Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1s	
F8	100	101X-X011-X	С	Time base/WDT clock output:8Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1/2s	
F16	100	101X-X100-X	С	Time base/WDT clock output:16Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1/4s	
F32	100	101X-X101-X	с	Time base/WDT clock output:32Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1/8s	
F64	100	101X-X110-X	с	Time base/WDT clock output:64Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1/16s	
F128	100	101X-X111-X	С	Time base/WDT clock output:128Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1/32s	Yes
TEST	100	1110-0000-X	С	Test mode, user don't use.	
NORMAL	100	1110-0011-X	С	Normal mode	Yes

Note: X : Don't care

A5~A0 : RAM addresses

D3~D0 : RAM data

D/C : Data/command mode

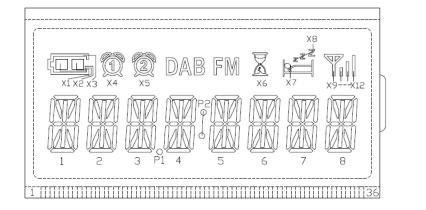
Def. : Power on reset default

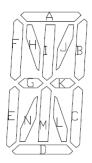
All the bold forms, namely **1 1 0**, **1 0 1**, and **1 0 0**, are mode commands. Of these, **1 0 0** indicates the command mode ID. If successive commands have been issued, the command mode ID except for the first command will be omitted. The source of the tone frequency and of the time base/WDT clock frequency can be derived from an on-chip 256kHz RC oscillator, a 32.768kHz crystal oscillator, or an external 256kHz clock. Calculation of the frequency is based on the system frequency sources as stated above. It is recommended that the host controller should initialize the HT1621 after power on reset, for power on reset may fail, which in turn leads to the malfunctioning of the HT1621.

NOTE: For more detail information, please refer to the HT1621's specification.



9. Display Data RAM (DDRAM)





LCD Interface Function

PIN	1	5	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	55	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
COM	1 COM	11	/	\langle	XЗ	$\times 1$	1 A	1_	IX5	X4	24	2J	X5	DAB	ЗA	ЗJ	Ρ1	FМ	4A	4 J	Ρ2	X6	5A	5J	X7	X8	6A	GЛ	X9	X10	7A	7.	X11	X12	88	8J
COM	2 /	< COM2	\geq	/	1F	1H	1 I	1 E	B2F	2Н	21	2B	ЗF	ЗН	ЗI	ЗΒ	4F	4H	4 I	4 B	5F	5H	5I	5B	6F	6H	6I	6 B	7F	7H	71	7B	8F	8H	8I	8B
COM	3 /	\sim	COM3	/	1G	1N	1M	1K	(2G	2N	2М	5К	ЗG	ЗN	ЗМ	ЗК	4G	4N	4M	4K	5G	5N	5M	5K	6G	6N	6М	6K	7G	7N	7M	7K	8G	8N	8М	8K
COM	4 /	//		COM4	1E	1 D	1 L	1C	2E	2D	2L	2C	ЗE	ЗD	ЗL	ЗC	4E	4D	4L	4 C	5E	5D	5L	5C	6E	6D	6L	6C	7E	7 D	7L	7C	8E	8D	8L	8C



Version: A0

SCC0029-V01

10. RELIABILITY

		Environmental Test		
No.	Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
1	High temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80 °C 200 hrs	
2	Low temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-30 °C 200 hrs	
3	High temperature operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	70 °C 200 hrs	
4	Low temperature operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-20 °C 200 hrs	
5	High temperature / Humidity storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	70 °C , 90 %RH 96 hrs	MIL-202E-103B JIS-C5023
6	High temperature / Humidity operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and temperature / humidity stress to the element for a long time.	50 °C , 90 %RH 96 hrs	MIL-202E-103B JIS-C5023
7	Temperature cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. $\begin{array}{r} -10^{\circ}C \rightleftharpoons 25^{\circ}C \rightleftharpoons 60^{\circ}C \\ \underline{30min} find 5min \\ 1 \text{ cycle} \end{array}$	-10°C / 60°C 10 cycles	
		Mechanical Test		
8	Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	$10 \sim 22 \text{Hz} \rightarrow 1.5 \text{mmp-p}$ $22 \sim 500 \text{Hz} \rightarrow 1.5 \text{G}$ Total 0.5 hrs	MIL-202E-201A JIS-C5025 JIS-C7022-A-10
9	Shock test	Constructional and mechanical endurance test applying the shock during transportation.	50G half sign wave 11 msedc 3 times of each direction	MIL-202E-213B
10	Atmospheric pressure test	Endurance test applying the atmospheric pressure during transportation by air.	115 mbar 40 hrs	MIL-202E-105C
		Others		
11	Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal.	VS=800V , RS=1.5 kΩ CS=100 pF 10 time	MIL-883B-3015.1
1. 2. 3 3. 1	ection after test: Insp Air bubble in the LCD. Sealleak Non-display. Missing segments.	ection after $2 \sim 4$ hours storage at room temper	ature ,the sample shall be f	ree from defects:

5. Glass crack.

6. Current Idd is twice higher than initial value.

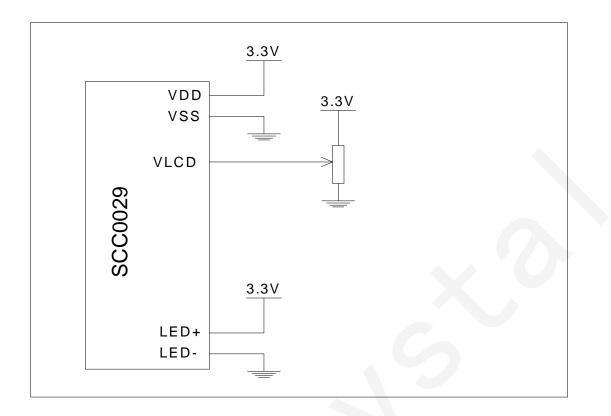


11.QUALITY GUARANTEE

No	Item	Criteria
		(1)round type
		diameter mm(a*) no of defect*
		$a \le 0.20$ neglect
		$0.20 < a \le 0.35$ 5max
1	inclusions (black spot,	0.35 < a none
1	white spot, dust)	(2)linear type
		length mm(l) width mm(W) no. of defect
		na $W \leq 0.03$ neglect
		$1 \le 3$ $0.03 < W \le 0.08$ 6
		3<1 0.08 <w none<="" td=""></w>
		1. scratch on protective film is permitted.
		2. scratch on polarizer shall be as follow:
		(1)round type
		diameter mm(a*) no of defect
2	scratch	$a \leq 0.15$ neglect
		$0.15 < a \le 0.20$ 2 max
		0.20 < a none
		(2)linear type
		be judged bye 1(2) linear type
3	dent	diameter < 1.5mm
4	bubble	not exceeding 0.5mm average diameter is acceptable between glass
		and polarizing film
		$(a+b)/2 \leq 0.15$ mm
5	pin hole	maximum number: ignored
5	pininoio	$0.15 < (a+b)/2 \le 0.20$ mm
		maximum number:10
6	dot width	design width $\pm 15\%$
		$(a+b)/2 \le 0.20$ mm
_		maximum number: ignored
7	dot defect	$0.20 < (a+b)/2 \le 0.30$ mm
		maximum number:5
		x=width
		diameter spec no of defect $x = 0.50$ mm solution
0	antwent image-1it($a \le 0.50 \text{mm}$ neglect
8	contrast irregularity(spot)	$0.50 < a \le 0.75$ 5
		$0.75 < a \le 1.00$ 3
0	color topo and uniformity	1.00 < a none
9	color tone and uniformity	obvious uneven color is not permitted

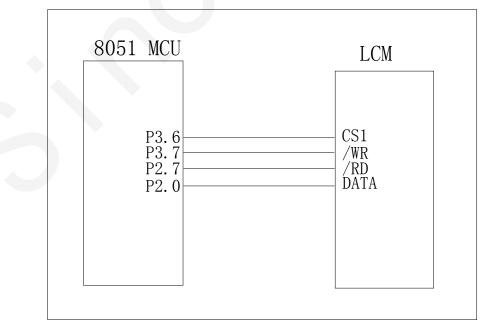


12.POWER SUPPLY FOR LCM MODULE



13.EXAMPLE

1) Application Ciuruit





14.USING LCD MODULES

14-1. Liquid Crystal Display Modules

LCD is composed of glass and polarizer. Pay attention to the following items when handling.

(1) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

(2) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.).

(3) N-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/rear polarizers and reflectors made of organic substances which will be damaged by chemicals such as acetone, toluene, ethanol and isopropylalcohol.

(4) When the display surface becomes dusty, wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft material like chamois soaked in petroleum benzin. Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

(5) Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading.

(6) Avoid contacting oil and fats.

(7) Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizers. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.

(8) Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on.

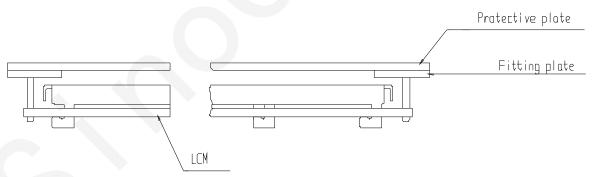
(9) Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degradate insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determinated to the polarizers).

(10) As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring.

14-2.Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

14-3. Precaution for Handing LCD Modules

Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

(1) Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.

(2) Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.

(3) Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.

(4) Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.

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Version: A0

(5) Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.

(6) Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

LCM is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling.





As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.

Incorrect handling:



Please don't touch IC directly.



Please don't hold the surface of panel.

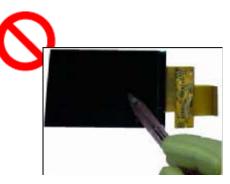


Please don't hold the surface of IC.

Please don't stack LCM.

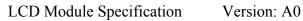


Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.

SINO CRYSTAL (SHENZHEN) TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.



14-4.Electro-Static Discharge Control

SinoCrustal

Professional LCD system provide

Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC.

(1) Make certain that you are grounded when handing LCM.

(2) Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential.

(3) When soldering the terminal of LCM, make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak.

(4) When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.

(5) As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.

(6) To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended.

14-5. Precaution for soldering to the LCM

(1) Observe the following when soldering lead wire, connector cable and etc. to the LCM.

- Soldering iron temperature : $280^{\circ}C \pm 10^{\circ}C$.
- Soldering time : 3-4 sec.
- Solder : eutectic solder.

If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage dur to flux spatters.

(2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.

(3) When remove the electoluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

14-6.Precautions for Operation

(1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VO). Adjust VO to show the best contrast.

(2) Driving the LCD in the voltage above the limit shortens its life.

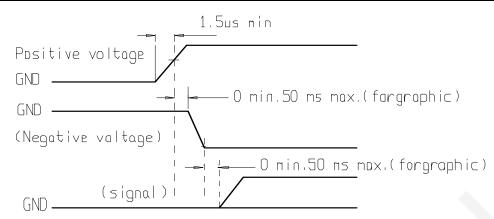
(3) Response time is greatly delayed at temperature below the operating temperature range. However, this does not mean the LCD will be out of the order. It will recover when it returns to the specified temperature range.

(4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.

(5) Condensation on terminals can cause an electrochemical reaction disrupting the terminal circuit. Therefore, it must be used under the relative condition of 40° C, 50% RH.

(6) When turning the power on, input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.





14-7. Storage

When storing LCDs as spares for some years, the following precaution are necessary.

(1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for dessicant.

(2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0° C and 35° C.

(3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped.)

(4) Environmental conditions :

- Do not leave them for more than 168hrs. at 60°C.

- Should not be left for more than 48hrs. at -20 $^{\circ}$ C.

14-8. Safety

(1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

(2) If any liquid leakes out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

14-9.Return LCM under warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet's damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet's, conductors and terminals.