

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LCD MODULE

Version: A1

| CUSTOMER | |
|----------------------|---------------|
| MODEL | SC0802001-V01 |
| CUSTOMER APPROVED | |

| APPROVED BY | CHECKED BY | ORGANIZED BY |
|-------------|------------|--------------|
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Specification Revision History

| Version | Content | Date |
|-----------|----------------------------|-------------|
| A0 | First Issue | 30-Jul-2013 |
| A1 | Change backlight interface | 21-Aug-2013 |
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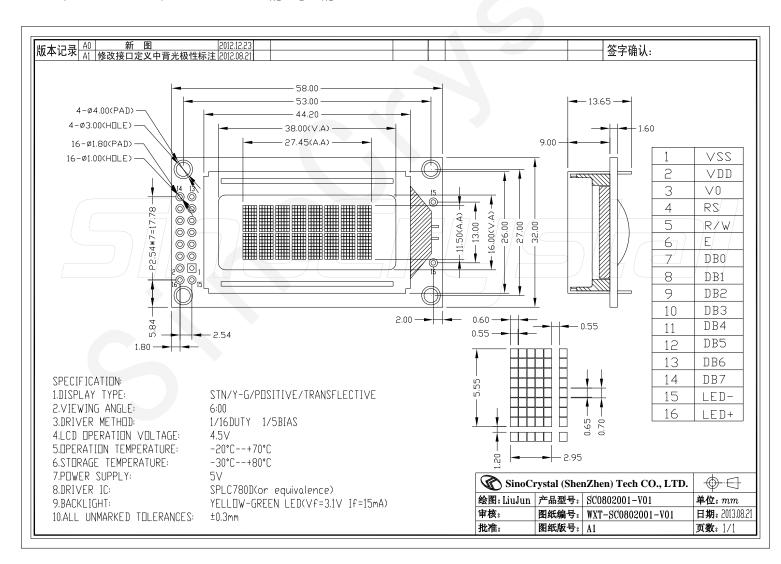


1. PHYSICAL DATA

| ITEM | STANDARD VALUE | UNIT |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| NUMBER OF CHARACTER | 8×2 | Mm |
| MODULE DIMENSION | 58.0×32.0×13.65 | Mm |
| VIEWING AREA | 38.0×16.0 | Mm |
| DOT SIZE | 0.55×0.65 | Mm |
| DOT PITCH | 0.60×0.70 | Mm |
| LCD TYPE | STN/YELLOW-GREEN/POSITIVE/REFLECTIVE | |
| DUTY | 1/16 | |
| VIEWING DIRECTION | 6:00 | o'clock |
| BACK LIGHT TYPE | SIDE LIT LED | |
| BACK LIGHT COLOR | YELLOW-GREEN | |
| APPROX. WEIGHT | TBD | G |

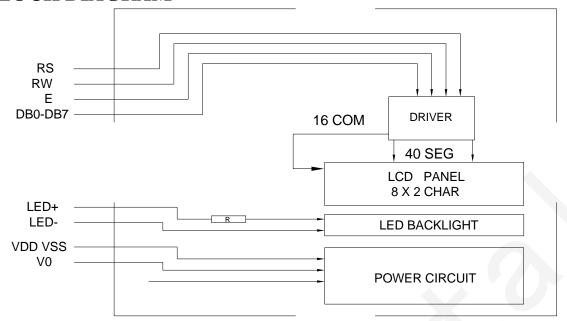
Version: A1

2. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS





3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



LCD Module Specification Version: A1 SC0802001-V01

4. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

| Pin No. | Symbol | Level | Description |
|---------|---------|-------|---|
| 1 | VSS | | Gound |
| 2 | VDD | | Supply voltage for logic |
| 3 | V0 | | Supply voltage for LCD |
| | | | Register selection input |
| 4-11 | RS | H/L | H: Indicate that DB0 to DB7 are display data. |
| | | | L: Indicate that DB0 to DB7 are control data |
| | | | Read or Write signal |
| 12 | RW | H/L | 0 : Write |
| | | | 1 : Read |
| 13 | Е | H/L | Enable signal |
| 14 | DB0-DB7 | H/L | 8-bit bi-directional data bus |
| 15 | LED- | | LED backlight cathode |
| 16 | LED+ | | LED backlight anode |



5. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(1) Electrical Absolute Ratings

| Item | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|---------------------------|----------------|------|------|------|--------|
| Power Supply for Logic | VDD | -0.3 | 6.0 | Volt | Note 1 |
| Power Supply for LCD | $V_{ m LCD}$ | -0.3 | 7.0 | Volt | |
| Input Voltage | V _I | -0.3 | VDD | Volt | |
| Current for LED backlight | I_{LED} | - | 20 | mA | |

Note 1: Operator should be grounded during handling LCM

(2) Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings

| | | rmal T | empera | ture | Wide Temperature | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|-------|------------------|-------|----------|------|--|
| Item | Operating | | Storage | | Operating | | Storage | | |
| | Min. | Max, | Min. | Max, | Min. | Max, | Min. | Max, | |
| Ambient Temperature | 0℃ | +50°C | -10°C | +60°C | -20°C | +70°C | -30°C | +80℃ | |
| Humidity(without condensation) | Note 2,4 | | Note 3,5 | | Note 4,5 | | Note 4,6 | | |

Note 2 Ta $\leq 50^{\circ}$ C: 80% RH max

Ta>50°C: Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 50°C

Note 3 Ta at -20° C will be <48hrs at 70° C will be <120hrs when humidity is higher than 75%.

Note 4 Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature. This phenomenon is reversible.

Note 5 Ta $\leq 70^{\circ}$ C: 75RH max

Ta>70°C: absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 75%RH at 70°C

Note 6 Ta at -20°C will be <48hrs, at 80°C will be <120hrs when humidity is higher than 75%.



6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC Characteristics

(VSS=0V,VDD=5V, Ta=25°C)

| Item | Symbol | Test Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Power Supply for Logic | VDD | | 4.5 | - | 5.5 | Volt |
| Innut Valtaga | V_{IH} | | 2.7 | - | VDD | Volt |
| Input Voltage | $V_{\rm IL}$ | | -0.3 | - | 0.6 | Volt |
| Output Voltage | V _{OH} | I _{OUT} =-1mA | 2.4 | - | VDD | Volt |
| | V_{OL} | I _{OUT} =1mA | - | - | 0.4 | Volt |
| | | $T_a = 0^{\circ}C$ | | - (| - | |
| LCM Recommend LCD Module Driving Voltage | V_{LCD} | T _a =25℃ | - | 4.5 | - | Volt |
| 2111111g | | $T_a=50^{\circ}C$ | - | - | - | |
| Davier Supply Current for LCM | I _{DD} (BL OFF) | $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ | - | 1 | 2 | A |
| Power Supply Current for LCM | I _{DD} (BL ON) | T _a =25℃ | - | - | 20 | mA |
| Power Supply for LED Backlight | V _{LED+} - V _{LED-} | Ta=25℃ | - | - | 5 | V |

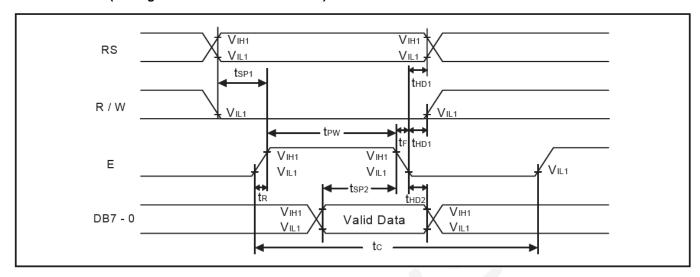


AC Characteristics (VSS=0V VDD=4.5V-5.5V Ta=25℃)

LCD Module Specification

| | Comple ed | Limit | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|-------|------|------|------|--------------------------|
| Characteristics | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Test Condition |
| OSC Frequency | Fosc1 | 190 | 270 | 350 | KHz | VDD = 5.0V, Rf = 91KΩ±2% |

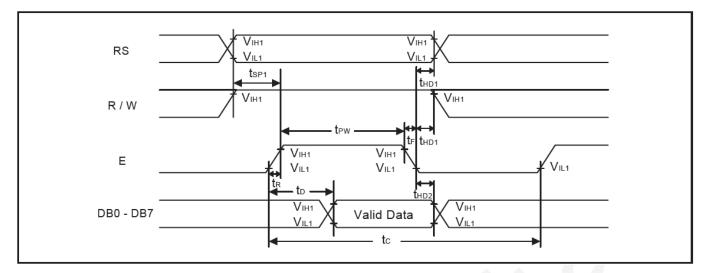
Write mode (Writing Data from MPU to SPLC780D)



| | | Limit | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------|------|------|------|------------------|
| Characteristics | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Test Condition |
| E Cycle Time | t _C | 400 | - | - | ns | Pin E |
| E Pulse Width | t _{PW} | 150 | - | | ns | Pin E |
| E Rise/Fall Time | t _R , t _F | - | - | 25 | ns | Pin E |
| Address Setup Time | t _{SP1} | 30 | - | | ns | Pins: RS, R/W, E |
| Address Hold Time | t _{HD1} | 10 | - | - | ns | Pins: RS, R/W, E |
| Data Setup Time | t _{SP2} | 40 | - | - | ns | Pins: DB0 - DB7 |
| Data Hold Time | t _{HD2} | 10 | - | - | ns | Pins: DB0 - DB7 |



Read mode (Reading Data from SPLC780D to MPU)



| Characteristics | Symbol | | Limit | | Unit | Test Condition | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------------------|--|
| Cilaracteristics | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Oilit | rest Condition | |
| E Cycle Time | t _C | 400 | - | - | ns | Pin E | |
| E Pulse Width | t _W | 150 | - | - | ns | Pin E | |
| E Rise/Fall Time | t _R , t _F | - | - | 25 | ns | Pin E | |
| Address Setup Time | t _{SP1} | 30 | | - | ns | Pins: RS, R/W, E | |
| Address Hold Time | t _{HD1} | 10 | - | - | ns | Pins: RS, R/W, E | |
| Data Output Delay Time | t _D | - | - | 100 | ns | Pins: DB0 - DB7 | |
| Data hold time | t _{HD2} | 5.0 | - | - | ns | Pin DB0 - DB7 | |

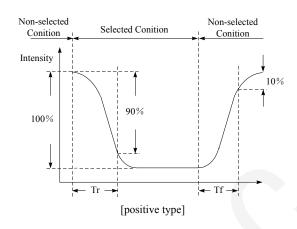


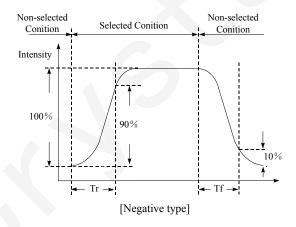
7. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LCD Module Specification

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | note |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------|------|------|--------|----------------------------|
| | $\theta_f(12 \text{ o'clock})$ | | | 40 | | | |
| Viewing angle range | θ_b (6 o'clock) | When $C_n \ge 1.1$ | | 45 | | Degree | Note 2 Note 3 Note 4 |
| | θ_l (9 o'clock) | When $Cr \ge 1.1$ | | 30 | | | |
| | θ_r (3 o'clock) | | | 30 | | | |
| Rise Time | T _r | | | 112 | | m C | Note 1 |
| Fall Time | T_{f} | V_0 -GND=4.6V Ta=25°C | | 250 | | mS | Note 1 |
| Contrast | Cr | 14 23 0 | | 5. 4 | | | |

[Note 1] Definition of Response Time (Tr, Tf)

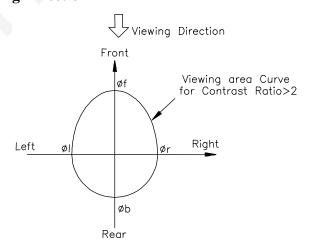




Conditions:

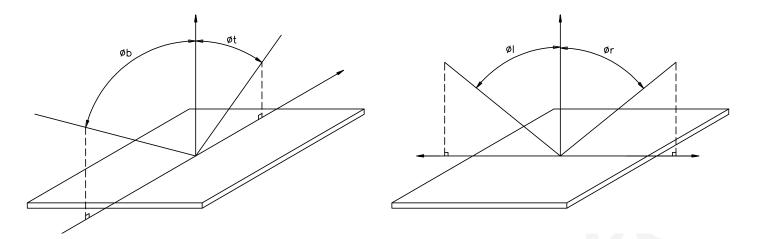
Operating Voltage : Vop Frame Frequency : 64 Hz Viewing Angle(θ , φ): 0°, 0° Driving Wave form : 1/N duty, 1/a bias

[Note 2] Definition of Viewing Direction

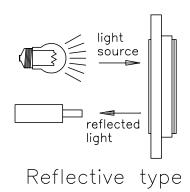


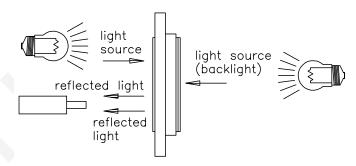


[Note 3] Definition of viewing angle



[Note 4] Description of Measuring Equipment





Version: A1



8. OPERATING PRINCIPLES & METHODS

Command Table

| | | | | Ins | tructi | on Co | ode | | | | Execution time (Temp = 25°C) | | | |
|--|-------|------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Instruction | RS RW | | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | מפח | DB4 | DBO | Description | Fosc= | Fosc= | Fosc= |
| | 1.3 | IXVV | 007 | 000 | 003 | 004 | 000 | 002 | 001 | 000 | | 190KHz | 270KHz | 350KHz |
| Clear Display | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Write "20H" to DDRAM and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC | 2.16ms | 1.52ms | 1.18ms |
| Return Home | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed. | 2.16ms | 1.52ms | 1.18ms |
| Entry Mode Set | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | I/D | S | Assign cursor moving direction and enable the shift of entire display | 53μs | 38μs | 29μs |
| Display ON/ OFF Control | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | D | С | В | Set display (D), cursor(C), and blinking of cursor(B) on/off control bit. | 53μ s | 38μ s | 29μ s |
| Cursor or Display Shift | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | s/C | R/L | 1 | 1 | Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing of DDRAM data. | 53μ s | 38μ s | 29μ s |
| Function Set | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DL | N | F | - | 1 | Set interface data length (DL: 8-bit/4-bit), numbers of display line (N: 2-line/1-line) and, display font type (F:5x10 dots/5x8 dots) | 53μ s | 38μ s | 29μs |
| Set CGRAM Address | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | Set CGRAM address in address counter. | 53μs | 38μs | 29μ s |
| Set DDRAM Address | 0 | 0 | 1 | AC6 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | Set DDRAM address in address counter | 53μs | 38μ s | 29μ s |
| Read Busy Flag and Address Counter | 0 | 1 | BF | AC6 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | Whether during internal operation or not can be known by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read. | | | |
| Write Data to RAM | 1 | 0 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM). | 53μ s | 38μ s | 29μs |
| Read Data from RAM | 1 | 1 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM). | 53μ s | 38μ s | 29μ s |

Note1: "--": don't care

Note2: In the operation condition under -20°C ~ 75°C, the maximum execution time for majority of instruction sets is 100us, except two instructions, "Clear Display" and "Return Home", in which maximum execution time can take up to 4.1ms.

NOTE: For more detail information, please refer to the SPLC780D's specification.



9. Display Data RAM (DDRAM)

Display data RAM (DDRAM) stores display data represented in 8-bit character codes. Its extended capacity is 80 x 8 bits, or 80 characters. The area in display data RAM (DDRAM) that is not used for display can be used as general data RAM. See Figure 7 for the relationships between DDRAM addresses and positions on the liquid crystal display.

Version: A1

The DDRAM address (ADD) is set in the address counter (AC)as hexadecimal.

| Display Position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|---------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| DDRAM | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 80 | 09 | 0A | 0B | 0C | 0D | 0E | 0F |
| Address | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 4A | 4B | 4C | 4D | 4E | 4F |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| For Shift | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 80 | 09 | 0A | 0B | 0C | 0D | 0E | 0F | 10 |
| Left | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 4A | 4B | 4C | 4D | 4E | 4F | 50 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| For Shift | 27 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 80 | 09 | 0A | 0B | 0C | 0D | 0E |
| Right | 67 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 4A | 4B | 4C | 4D | 4E |

NOTE: SC0802001 only use 8 address, for more detail information, please refer to the SPLC780D's specification.



LCD Module Specification

Version: A1

SC0802001-V01

| Upper 4 bit Lower 4 bit | LLLL | LLLH | LLHL | LLHH | LHLL | LHLH | LHHL | LHHH | HLLL | HLLH | HLHL | НЦНН | HHLL | ННГН | HHHL | нннн |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| LLLL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LLLH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LLHL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LLHH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LHLL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LHLH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LHHL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ГННН | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HLLL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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Version: A1



10.RELIABILITY

| | | Environmental Test | | |
|-----|--|--|---|--|
| No. | Test Item | Content of Test | Test Condition | Applicable Standard |
| 1 | High temperature storage | Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time. | 80 °C 200 hrs | |
| 2 | Low temperature storage | Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time. | -30 °C 200 hrs | |
| 3 | High temperature operation | Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time. | 70 °C 200 hrs | |
| 4 | Low temperature operation | Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time. | -20 °C 200 hrs | |
| 5 | High temperature / Humidity storage | Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time. | 70 °C , 90 %RH 96 hrs | MIL-202E-103B JIS-C5023 |
| 6 | High temperature / Humidity operation | Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and temperature / humidity stress to the element for a long time. | 50 °C , 90 %RH 96 hrs | MIL-202E-103B JIS-C5023 |
| 7 | Temperature cycle | Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -10°C \(\sum_{\frac{5}{20}} \sum_{\frac{5}{2 | -10°C / 60°C 10 cycles | |
| | | Mechanical Test | | |
| 8 | Vibration test | Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using. | $10\sim22$ Hz → 1.5mmp-p $22\sim500$ Hz → 1.5G Total 0.5hrs | MIL-202E-201A JIS-C5025 JIS-C7022-A-10 |
| 9 | Shock test | Constructional and mechanical endurance test applying the shock during transportation. | 50G half sign wave 11 msedc 3 times of each direction | MIL-202E-213B |
| 10 | Atmospheric pressure test | Endurance test applying the atmospheric pressure during transportation by air. | 115 mbar 40 hrs | MIL-202E-105C |
| | | Others | Γ | |
| 11 | Static electricity test | Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal. | VS=800V , RS=1.5 kΩ CS=100 pF 10 time | MIL-883B-3015.1 |
| | | | 1 | l |

Inspection after test: Inspection after $2\sim4$ hours storage at room temperature, the sample shall be free from defects:

- 1. Air bubble in the LCD.
- 2. Sealleak
- 3. Non-display.
- 4. Missing segments.
- 5. Glass crack.
- 6. Current Idd is twice higher than initial value.



11.QUALITY GUARANTEE

LCD Module Specification

| No | Item | Criteria | | | | | | | |
|----|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | (1)round type | | | | | | | |
| | | diameter mm(a*) no of defect* | | | | | | | |
| | | $a \le 0.20$ neglect | | | | | | | |
| | | $0.20 < a \le 0.35$ 5 max | | | | | | | |
| 1 | inclusions (black spot, | 0.35 < a none | | | | | | | |
| 1 | white spot, dust) | (2)linear type | | | | | | | |
| | | length mm(l) width mm(W) no. of defect | | | | | | | |
| | | na W≤0.03 neglect | | | | | | | |
| | | $1 \le 3$ $0.03 < W \le 0.08$ 6 | | | | | | | |
| | | 3 < 1 0.08 < W none | | | | | | | |
| | | 1. scratch on protective film is permitted. | | | | | | | |
| | | 2. scratch on polarizer shall be as follow: | | | | | | | |
| | | (1)round type | | | | | | | |
| | | diameter mm(a*) no of defect | | | | | | | |
| 2 | scratch | $a \le 0.15$ neglect | | | | | | | |
| | | $0.15 < a \le 0.20$ 2 max | | | | | | | |
| | | 0.20 < a none | | | | | | | |
| | | (2)linear type | | | | | | | |
| | | be judged bye 1(2) linear type | | | | | | | |
| 3 | dent | diameter < 1.5mm | | | | | | | |
| 4 | bubble | not exceeding 0.5mm average diameter is acceptable between glass | | | | | | | |
| 4 | ouooie | and polarizing film | | | | | | | |
| | | $(a+b)/2 \le 0.15$ mm | | | | | | | |
| 5 | pin hole | maximum number: ignored | | | | | | | |
| 3 | piii iioic | $0.15 < (a+b)/2 \le 0.20$ mm | | | | | | | |
| | | maximum number:10 | | | | | | | |
| 6 | dot width | design width ±15% | | | | | | | |
| | | $(a+b)/2 \le 0.20$ mm | | | | | | | |
| | | maximum number: ignored | | | | | | | |
| 7 | dot defect | $0.20 < (a+b)/2 \le 0.30$ mm | | | | | | | |
| | | maximum number:5 | | | | | | | |
| | | x=width | | | | | | | |
| | | diameter spec no of defect | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | $a \le 0.50 \text{mm}$ neglect | | | | | | | |
| 8 | contrast irregularity(spot) | $0.50 < a \le 0.75$ 5 | | | | | | | |
| | | $0.75 < a \le 1.00$ | | | | | | | |
| | 14 1 'C ' | 1.00 < a none | | | | | | | |
| 9 | color tone and uniformity | obvious uneven color is not permitted | | | | | | | |



12.USING LCD MODULES

12-1. Liquid Crystal Display Modules

- LCD is composed of glass and polarizer. Pay attention to the following items when handling.
- (1) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

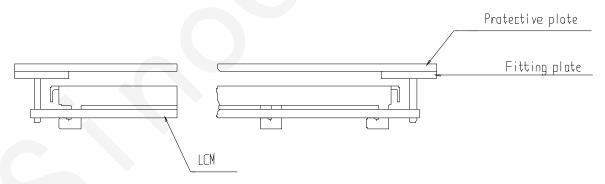
Version: A1

- (2) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.).
- (3) N-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/rear polarizers and reflectors made of organic substances which will be damaged by chemicals such as acetone, toluene, ethanol and isopropylalcohol.
- (4) When the display surface becomes dusty, wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft material like chamois soaked in petroleum benzin. Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.
- (5) Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading.
 - (6) Avoid contacting oil and fats.
- (7) Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizers. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
 - (8) Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on.
- (9) Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degradate insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determinated to the polarizers).
- (10) As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring.

12-2.Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

12-3. Precaution for Handing LCD Modules

Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

- (1) Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
- (2) Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
 - (3) Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
 - (4) Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.



- (5) Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
 - (6) Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

LCM is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling. Correct handling:





Version: A1

As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.

Incorrect handling:



Please don't touch IC directly.



Please don't stack LCM.



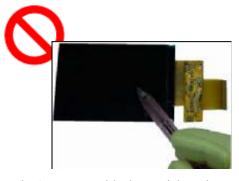
Please don't hold the surface of panel.



Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.



Please don't hold the surface of IC.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.



12-4. Electro-Static Discharge Control

Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC.

(1) Make certain that you are grounded when handing LCM.

LCD Module Specification

- (2) Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential.
- (3) When soldering the terminal of LCM, make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak.
- (4) When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.
- (5) As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.
- (6) To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended.

12-5. Precaution for soldering to the LCM

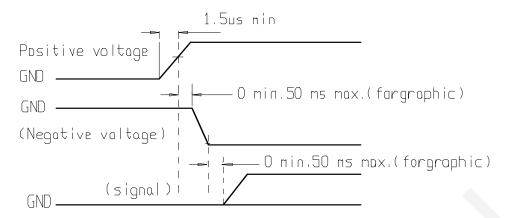
- (1) Observe the following when soldering lead wire, connector cable and etc. to the LCM.
 - Soldering iron temperature : $280^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$.
 - Soldering time: 3-4 sec.
 - Solder : eutectic solder.

If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage dur to flux spatters.

- (2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.
- (3) When remove the electoluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

12-6.Precautions for Operation

- (1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VO). Adjust VO to show the best contrast.
 - (2) Driving the LCD in the voltage above the limit shortens its life.
- (3) Response time is greatly delayed at temperature below the operating temperature range. However, this does not mean the LCD will be out of the order. It will recover when it returns to the specified temperature range.
- (4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.
- (5) Condensation on terminals can cause an electrochemical reaction disrupting the terminal circuit. Therefore, it must be used under the relative condition of 40°C, 50% RH.
 - (6) When turning the power on, input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.



12-7. Storage

When storing LCDs as spares for some years, the following precaution are necessary.

LCD Module Specification

- (1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for dessicant.
- (2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C.
- (3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped.)
 - (4) Environmental conditions:
 - Do not leave them for more than 168hrs. at 60°C.
 - Should not be left for more than 48hrs. at -20°C.

12-8. Safety

- (1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- (2) If any liquid leakes out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

12-9. Return LCM under warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet's damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet's, conductors and terminals.